

Building Inclusive Welfare Systems: A Dialogue Between Research and Practice

Joint FP7 Policy Conference

Brussels, 5 June 2014









Conference programme

13:00 – 13:15	Welcome and introduction
13:15 – 13:45	The fight against poverty and social exclusion in times of crisis (COPE)
	Flashlight 1: Matteo Jessoula, University of Milan
	Flashlight 2: Håkan Johansson, Lund University
	Discussion
13:45 – 14:15	How do different institutional contexts influence local activation policies? (LOCALISE)
	Flashlight 1: Martin Heidenreich, University of Oldenburg
	Flashlight 2: Paolo Graziano, Bocconi University Milan
	Discussion
14:15 – 14:45	Women's labour market participation as a multi-level challenge (FLOWS)
	Flashlight 1+2: Per Jensen, Aalborg University
	Discussion
14:45 – 15:15	Social innovations promoting local welfare (WILCO)
	Flashlight 1: Taco Brandsen, Radboud University Nijmegen
	Flashlight 2: Adalbert Evers, Giessen University
	Discussion
15:15 – 15:35	Coffee break
15:35 – 16:20	Panel discussion: What is relevant for practitioners?
	Speakers: Claire Courteille (ILO), Sian Jones (EAPN), Wolfgang Müller (Federal Employment Agency of Germany), Iphigenia Pottaki (European Commission)
16:20 – 16:30	Conclusion

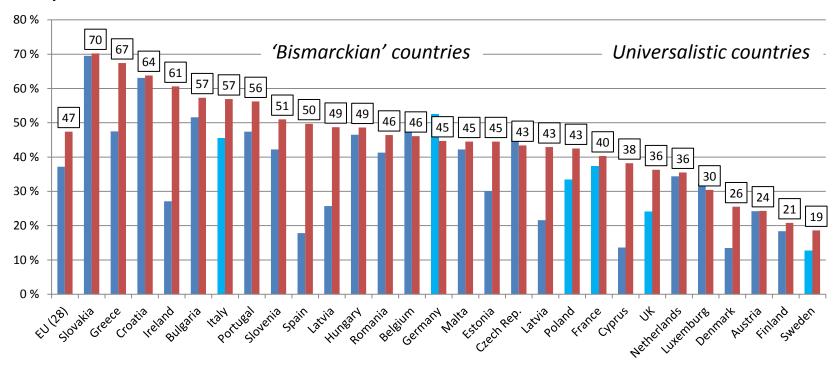
Why research on inclusive welfare systems?

- Increasing disparity in unemployment between countries and regions in Europe
 - 2013Q4: Austria 5.0 %, Germany 5.1 %
 - compared to Spain 26.1 %, Greece 27.7 %
- High unemployment rates among young people, migrants and low-skilled workers → segmented labour markets
- Increasing share of long-term unemployment (2009: 33 %; 2013: 47 %) and persistent poverty → social exclusion



Why research on inclusive welfare systems?

- Strong increase in long-term unemployment during the crisis (exceptions: Germany and Czech Republic). Partly cyclical. Increased "hysteresis"?
- Significant differences between 'universalistic' and 'Bismarckian' welfare systems



Main policy responses in Europe

- Trend towards active labour market policies since the 1990s
 - Higher employment rates are seen as vital for economic growth and social cohesion (special focus: women)
 - Shift from 'welfare' to 'workfare': higher demands on the unemployed in terms of job-search, mobility/flexibility, self-help/community help
 - Labour market deregulation as flanking stricter benefit regimes and employment services
- Special focus on the activation of vulnerable groups:
 - Long-term unemployed
 - Low-skilled
 - Lone parents
 - Youth
 - Migrants
 - Physically/mentally ill
 - People afflicted with debt, substance abuse etc.





Four EU-FP7 projects addressing the governance of active inclusion policies in Europe in the period 2010-2015:

- COPE & LOCALISE (project leader: Martin Heidenreich)
- FLOWS (project leader: Per Jensen)
- WILCO (project leader: Taco Brandsen)











COPE – Combating Poverty in Europe

Re-organising Active Inclusion through Participatory and Integrated Modes of Multilevel Governance

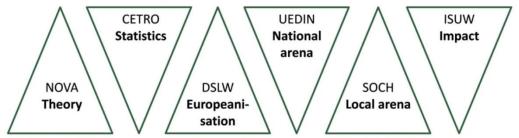
The project (02/2012 - 01/2015)

- ... analyses minimum income schemes and policies to combat poverty and social exclusion in five European countries (IT, PL, UK, DE, SE)
- ... adopts a *multi-dimensional*, *multi-level* and *multi-stakeholder* approach to poverty and active inclusion

 ... is interested in the European relevance, the national organisation and the local implementation patterns of active inclusion policies and concepts beyond income poverty and material deprivation

 ... studies the impact of such policies on the individual situation of most vulnerable groups and their life courses

COPE Work Packages and Consortium tasks



Key Publications:

Forthcoming volume with Edward Elgar on "Combating Poverty in Europe: Active Inclusion in a Multi-Level and Multi-Actor Context"

Special Issue of the Journal for International and Comparative Social Policy on "Recasting Minimum Income Protection for Working-Age People in Europe"

For further information, visit www.cope-research.eu



The overall aim of this project is to analyze:

- how local welfare systems support women's labor market participation, as well as
- the extent to which (and under which conditions) female labor market integration has contributed to strengthening social cohesion.

The consortium is composed by 12 partners; i.e. 11 Universities from 11 different countries and one NGO.

Key publications:

Special issue of *European Societies* (ed. Per H. Jensen): factors conditioning female employment.

Special issue of *International journal of sociology and social policy* (ed. Costanzo Ranci): Female employment and social cohesion *Local welfare systems and women's labour market participation*, (Eds. Dagmar Kutsar & Marjo Kuronen, Springer)

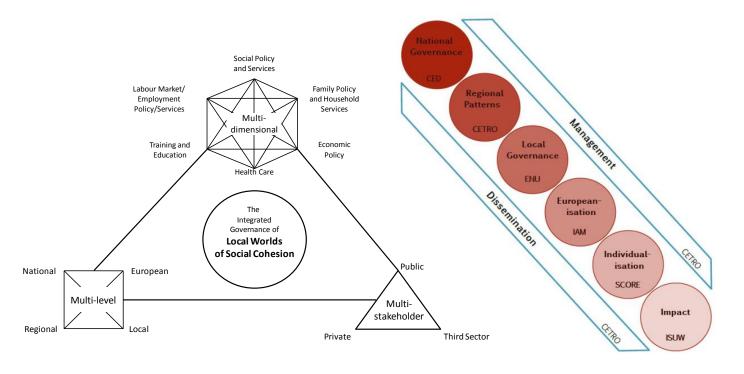
The role and impact of EU policies on national and local policy out-puts and out-comes, (Ed. Per H. Jensen, presumably Policy Press)

Female employment: decision making (Ed. Evelyn Mahon, in a preparatory stage)



LOCALISE

- Local Worlds of Social Cohesion: The Local Dimension of Integrated Social and Employment Policies (2012-2014)
- Research consortium: teams from France, Germany, Italy, Poland, Sweden, UK
- A multi-dimensional, multi-level and multi-stakeholder approach to social cohesion



Key publications:

Special issue of the International Journal of Social Welfare on "The Governance of Activation in Europe" (ed. Heidenreich/Graziano)

Forthcoming volume with Edward Elgar on "Integrated Social and Employment Policies in Europe: Challenges for Local Welfare Governance" (eds. Heidenreich/Rice)

For more information, please visit the project website www.localise-research.eu



WILCO

- "Welfare Innovations at the Local Level in Favour of Cohesion"
- International comparative project across 20 European cities
- Aims: to identify innovative practices + to set them against the context of current social problems and urban policies
- Coordinated by Radboud University Nijmegen, The Netherlands







Flashlights: Findings from the projects...







